

UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION Washington, D.C. 20549

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OMB APPROVAL

ANNUAL AUDITED REPORT FORM X-17A Processing

SEC FILE NUMBER 8-48989

FACING PAGE

Information Required of Brokers and Dealers Pursuant to Section 17 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and Rule 17a-5 Thereunder

REPORT FOR THE PERIOD BEGINNING	1/01/12 MM/DD/YY	AND ENDING	12/31/12 MM/DD/YY
A. REC	GISTRANT IDE	NTIFICATION	
NAME OF BROKER-DEALER:			OFFICIAL USE ONLY
P.M.K. Securities & Research, Inc.			FIRM ID. NO.
ADDRESS OF PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSIN	NESS: (Do not use I	P.O. Box No.)	
105 East Atlantic Avenue, Suite 200	(No. and Stree	et)	
Delray Beach (City)	Florida (State)		33444 (Zip Code)
NAME AND TELEPHONE NUMBER OF PER	RSON TO CONTAC	CT IN REGARD TO THI	S REPORT
Roger Kumar			51) 454-1770 ea Code-Telephone No.)
B. ACC	OUNTANT IDE	NTIFICATION	uyi ay a saasaa saasaa ka ka mara saan saan saasaa ka sii ka
INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT wh	ose opinión is conta	ined in this Report*	
Hacker, Johnson & Smith PA (Name-	of individual, state, las	t,first, middle name)	
500 West Cypress Creek Road, Suit (Address) (City		lerdale, Florida (State)	33309 (Zip Code)
CHECK ONE: Certified Public Accountant Public Accountant Accountant not resident in Uni	ited States or any of		

Claims for exemption from the requirement that the annual report be covered by the opinion of an independent public accountant must be supported by a statement of facts and circumstances relied on as the basis for the exemption. See section 240.17a-5(e)(2).



Securities and Exchange Commission Washington, D.C. 20549:

I, the undersigned officer of P.M.K. Securities & Research, Inc., affirm that, to the best of my knowledge and belief the accompanying consolidated financial statements and accompanying schedules pertaining to the firm of P.M.K. Securities & Research, Inc., as of December 31, 2012, are true and correct. I further affirm that neither the Company, nor any officer or director has any proprietary interest in any account classified solely as that of a customer.

P.M.K. Securities & Research, Inc.

John M. Murphy, President

Sworn to and subscribed before me this 27 day of February, 2013.

WENDY WURST MY COMMISSION # DD 995085 EXPIRES: July 5, 2014

Personally known:

This report ** contains (check all applicable boxes):

- (a) Facing page. <u>X</u>
- (b) Consolidated Statement of Financial Condition. <u>X</u>
- (c) Consolidated Statement of Income.
- X X X X (d) Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows.
- (e) Consolidated Statement of Changes in Stockholders' Equity.
- (f) Consolidated Statement of Changes in Liabilities Subordinated to Claims of Creditors.
- (g) Computation of Net Capital.
- (h) Computation for Determination of Reserve Requirements Pursuant to Rule 15c3-3.
- (i) Information Relating to the Possession or control Requirements under Rule 15c3-3.
 - A Reconciliation, including appropriate explanation, of Computation of Net Capital Under Rule 15c3-1 and the Computation for Determination of the Reserve Requirements Under Exhibit A of Rule 15c3-3.
- (k) A Reconciliation between the audited and unaudited Statements of Financial Condition with respect to methods of consolidation.
- And Oath or Affirmation. (l)
- (m) A copy of SIPC Supplemental Report. X
- (n) A report describing any material inadequacies found to have existed since the date of the previous audit.

^{**}For conditions of confidential treatment of certain portion of this filing. see section 240.17a-5(e)(3).



HACKER, JOHNSON & SMITH PA

Fort Lauderdale Fort Myers Orlando Tampa Certified Public Accountants

Independent Auditors' Report

P.M.K. Securities & Research, Inc. Delray Beach, Florida:

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying statement of financial condition for P.M.K. Securities & Research, Inc. and Subsidiary (the "Company") as of December 31, 2012, and the related statements of income, changes in stockholder's equity and cash flows for the year then ended that are filed pursuant to rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, and the related notes to the financial statements.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these consolidated financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these consolidated financial statements based on our audits. We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Company as of December 31, 2012, and the results of their operations and cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The information contained in Schedule I is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the financial statements, but is supplementary information required by Rule 17a-5 under the Securities Act of 1934. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information in Schedule I has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information in Schedule I is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

HACKER, JOHNSON & SMITH PA

Jada, Johnon & Smith Ps

Fort Lauderdale, Florida

February 25, 2013

Consolidated Statement of Financial Condition

At December 31, 2012

Assets

Cash Securities owned Receivable from clearing organization Receivable from brokers Accounts receivable Furniture and equipment, net	\$ 82,836 8,377 515,490 325 34,985 35,941
Prepaid expenses	35,456
Refundable deposits	9,747
Total	\$ <u>723,157</u>
Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity	
Liabilities:	
Note payable	27,071
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	<u>132,175</u>
Total liabilities	<u>159,246</u>
Commitments and contingencies (Notes 4 and 7)	
Stockholders' equity: Common stock, \$.01 par value; authorized 10,000 shares,	
510 issued and outstanding	5
Additional paid-in capital	53,995
Retained earnings	509,911
Total stockholders' equity	<u>563,911</u>
Total	\$ <u>723,157</u>

Consolidated Statement of Income

Year Ended December 31, 2012

Revenues:	
Commissions	\$ 1,804,976
Principal transactions	203,665
Management fees	565,091
Interest	183
Other	285,663
Total revenues	<u>2,859,578</u>
Expenses:	
Commissions	1,382,224
Compensation and employee benefits	379,213
Clearing organization fees	145,205
Rent	144,385
Equipment rental and quotation services	104,455
Communications	27,271
Professional fees	90,341
Other	161,655
Total expenses	2,434,749
Net income	\$ <u>424,829</u>

Consolidated Statement of Changes in Stockholders' Equity

Year Ended December 31, 2012

	Common <u>Stock</u>	Additional Paid-In <u>Capital</u>	Retained <u>Earnings</u>	Total Stockholders' <u>Equity</u>
Balance at December 31, 2011	\$ 5	53,995	524,022	578,022
Cash dividends	-	-	(438,940)	(438,940)
Net income	<u>-</u>		424,829	424,829
Balance at December 31, 2012	\$ <u>5</u>	<u>53,995</u>	<u>509,911</u>	<u>563,911</u>

Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows

Year Ended December 31, 2012

Cash flows from operating activities:	
Net income	\$ 424,829
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by	¥,•=>
operating activities:	
Depreciation	12,684
Increase in securities owned	(144)
Increase in receivable from clearing organization	(5,404)
Decrease in accounts receivable	9,074
Decrease in prepaid expenses	49,322
Decrease in accounts payable and accrued expenses	(22,847)
Net cash provided by operating activities	467,514
Cash flows from financing activities:	
Principal payments made on note payable	(8,749)
Cash dividends paid	(438,940)
Net cash used in financing activities	(447,689)
Net increase in cash	19,825
Cash at beginning of year	63,011
Cash at end of year	\$ <u>82,836</u>
Supplementary cash flow information –	
Cash paid for interest during the year	\$ <u>1,525</u>

See accompanying Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

December 31, 2012 and the Year Then Ended

(1) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

- General. P.M.K. Securities & Research, Inc. ("PMK Securities") is a fully-disclosed securities broker/dealer located in Delray Beach, Florida. P.M.K. Capital Advisors, Inc. ("Capital Advisors") is a wholly-owned subsidiary of the PMK Securities (collectively they are referred to as the "Company"). The Company provides securities brokerage and advisory services to customers primarily in the Southeastern United States. The following is a description of the significant accounting policies which the Company follows in preparing and presenting its consolidated financial statements, which conform to U.S. generally accepted accounting principles("GAAP").
- Subsequent Events. Management has evaluated events occurring subsequent to the balance sheet date through February 25, 2013 (the financial statement issuance date), determining no events require additional disclosure in these consolidated financial statements.
- Estimates. The preparation of consolidated financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the consolidated financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.
- **Basis of Presentation.** The accompanying consolidated financial statements include the accounts of PMK Securities and Capital Advisors. All significant intercompany accounts and transactions have been eliminated in consolidation.
- Securities and Securities Transactions. The Company records customers' securities transactions and related income and expenses on a trade date basis. Securities owned are carried at fair value.
- **Revenue Recognition.** Income from advisory services is recorded upon completion of the related transaction.
- **Depreciation.** Depreciation has been provided using accelerated methods over the estimated useful lives of the assets.
- *Income Taxes.* The stockholders of the Company have elected to be taxed as an S-Corporation. For federal and state income tax purposes, all items of income and expense flow through to its stockholders; therefore, no provision for income taxes is reflected in these financial statements.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements, Continued

(1) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, Continued

Income Taxes, Continued. GAAP sets out a consistent framework to determine the appropriate level of tax reserves to maintain for uncertain tax positions.

A tax position that meets the more-likely-than-not recognition threshold is initially and subsequently measured as the largest amount of tax benefit that has a greater than fifty percent likelihood of being realized upon settlement with a taxing authority that has full knowledge of all relevant information. The determination of whether or not a tax position has met the more-likely-than-not recognition threshold considers the facts, circumstances, and information available at the reporting date and is subject to management's judgment. The Company's status as an S-Corporation is defined as a tax position under this accounting guidance. As of December 31, 2012, management is not aware of any uncertain tax positions that would have a material effect on the Company's consolidated financial statements.

The Company recognizes interest and penalties on income taxes as a component of income tax expense, should such an expense be realized.

The Company files a U.S. Income Tax Return for an S-Corporation. With few exceptions, the Company is no longer subject to U.S. federal income tax examination by the Internal Revenue Service for years before 2008.

Fair Value Measurements. Fair value is the exchange price that would be received for an asset or paid to transfer a liability (an exit price) in the principal or most advantageous market for the asset or liability in an orderly transaction between market participants on the measurement date. The fair value hierarchy requires the Company to maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs when measuring fair value. The hierarchy describes three levels of inputs that may be used to measure fair value:

Level 1: Observable inputs such as quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.

Level 2: Inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly. These include quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets; quoted prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities that are not active; and model-driven valuations whose inputs are observable or whose significant value drivers are observable. Valuations may be obtained from, or corroborated by, third-party pricing services.

Level 3: Unobservable inputs to measure fair value of assets and liabilities for which there is little, if any, market activity at the measurement date, using reasonable inputs and assumptions based upon the best information at the time, to the extent that inputs are available without undue cost and effort.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements, Continued

(1) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, Continued

Fair Value Measurements, Continued. The following describes valuation methodologies used for assets measured at fair value-

Securities Owned. Where quoted prices are available in an active market, securities are classified within Level 1 of the valuation hierarchy. Level 1 securities include exchange-traded equities. If quoted market prices are not available, then fair values are estimated by using pricing models, quoted prices of securities with similar characteristics, or discounted cash flows. In certain cases where there is limited activity or less transparency around inputs to the valuation, securities are classified within Level 3 of the valuation hierarchy. Securities classified within Level 3 include other less liquid equity securities.

(2) Receivable from Clearing Organization

The receivable from Clearing Organization consists of money-market accounts which are held by the clearing organization.

(3) Securities Owned

Securities owned consist of investment securities at fair values determined by management and are as follows:

	<u>At December 31, 2012</u>
Corporate equities:	
Marketable	\$ 7,497
Not readily marketable	880
	\$ <u>8,377</u>

Assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis, are summarized below:

		Fair Value Measurements at December 31, 2012 Using		
	Fair Value As of December 31, 2012	Quoted Prices In Active Markets for Identical Assets (Level 1)	Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2)	Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)
Equity securities owned	\$ <u>8,377</u>	<u>7,497</u>		<u>880</u>

During the year ended December 31, 2012, no securities were transferred in or out of Level 1, Level 2 or Level 3.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements, Continued

(3) Securities Owned, Continued

The table below presents a reconciliation for all assets measured at fair value on a recurring basis using significant unobservable inputs (Level 3) for the year ended December 31, 2012. These instruments were valued using pricing models and discounted cash flow methodologies incorporating assumptions that, in management's judgment, reflect the assumptions a marketplace participant would use at December 31, 2012:

Balance, January 1, 2012	\$ 880
Total realized losses	
Included in earnings	· _ - _
Balance, December 31, 2012	\$ <u>880</u>

(4) Furniture and Equipment

A summary of furniture and equipment at December 31, 2012 is as follows:

Furniture and office equipment Automobile	\$ 93,942 <u>63,424</u>
Total cost Less accumulated depreciation	157,366 (<u>121,425</u>)
Furniture and equipment, net	\$ <u>35,941</u>

The Company leases its office facility under an operating lease agreement. The lease contains escalation clauses for annual rent adjustments. Rent expense totaled \$144,385 for the year ended December 31, 2012. The future minimum lease payments at December 31, 2012 are approximately as follows:

Year Ending <u>December 31,</u>	Amount
2013 2014	\$ 102,154 105,219
	\$ <u>207,373</u>

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements, Continued

(5) Profit Sharing Plan

The Company offers a Section 401(k) Profit Sharing Plan, which is available for employees who have completed one year of service and have attained age twenty-one. The Company made no contributions to the Plan in 2012.

(6) Note Payable

At December 31, 2012, the Company has a note payable with a balance of \$27,071. The note bears interest at 4.79% and is payable in monthly installments through November 2015. The note is collateralized by the Company's automobile. The future principal payments at December 31, 2012 are as follows:

Year Ending December 31,	<u>Amount</u>
2013	\$ 9,178
2014	9,627
2015	<u>8,266</u>
	\$ 27,071

(7) Contingencies

Various legal claims also arise from time to time in the normal course of business which, in the opinion of management, will not have a material effect on the Company's consolidated financial statements.

(8) Net Capital Requirements

The Company is subject to the Securities and Exchange Commission uniform net capital rule (SEC Rule 15c3-1) which requires the maintenance of minimum net capital and requires that aggregate indebtedness to all other persons must not exceed net capital, as those terms are defined, by 1,500 percent of its net capital. At December 31, 2012, the Company's minimum net capital requirement was \$50,000. PMK Securities' net capital computed on an unconsolidated basis and in accordance with the Rule of the Commission amounted to \$408,670 and the percentage of aggregate indebtedness to net capital was 29.32%.

(9) Concentration of Credit Risk

Financial instruments which potentially subject the Company to concentrations of credit risk consist principally of the receivable from its clearing organization.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements, Continued

(10) Consolidating Statement of Financial Condition

The following is a consolidating statement of financial condition at December 31, 2012:

	P.M.K. Securities & Research, Inc	- · L	Eliminations	Consolidated
Cash	\$ 6,634	76,202	-	82,836
Securities owned	8,377	-	-	8,377
Receivable from clearing organization	515,490	-	-	515,490
Receivable from brokers	325	-	-	325
Accounts receivable	5,990	28,995	-	34,985
Furniture and equipment	35,941	-	-	35,941
Investment in and advances to subsidiary	65,778	-	$(65,778)^{(a)}$	-
Prepaid expenses	35,456	-	-	35,456
Refundable deposits	9,747			9,747
Total	\$ <u>683,738</u>	105,197	(<u>65,778</u>)	<u>723,157</u>
Note payable	27,071	-	-	27,071
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	<u>92,756</u>	40,599	$(1,180)^{(b)}$	<u>132,175</u>
Total liabilities	119,827	40,599	<u>(1,180</u>)	159,246
Common stock	5	1	$(1)^{(a)}$	5
Additional paid-in capital	53,995	4,999	$(4,999)^{(a)}$	53,995
Retained earnings	509,911	59,598	$(59,598)^{(a)}$	509,911
Total stockholders' equity	<u>563,911</u>	64,598	(<u>64,598</u>)	563,911
Total	\$ <u>683,738</u>	105,197	(<u>65,778</u>)	<u>723,157</u>

⁽a) To eliminate investment in subsidiary.

⁽b) To eliminate intercompany receivable/payable.

Computation of Net Capital Under Rule 15c3-1 of the Securities and Exchange Commission

December 31, 2012

NET CAPITAL	Φ.
Total stockholders' equity Deduct stockholders' equity not allowable for net capital	\$ - <u>563,911</u>
Total stockholders' equity qualified for net capital	<u>563,911</u>
Deductions and/or charges-	
Nonallowable assets:	25 041
Furniture and equipment Investment in and advances to subsidiary	35,941 65,778
Other receivables	855
Receivables from noncustomers	5,460
Securities not readily marketable	880
Other assets	45,203
Total nonallowable assets	<u>154,117</u>
Other deductions and/or charges	
Net capital before haircuts on securities	409,794
Haircuts on securities	<u>1,125</u>
Net capital	\$ <u>408,669</u>
COMPUTATION OF BASIC NET CAPITAL REQUIREMENT	
Minimum net capital required (based on aggregate indebtedness)	\$ <u>7,998</u>
Minimum net capital required of reporting broker or dealer	\$ <u>50,000</u>
Net capital requirement (greater of above)	\$ <u>50,000</u>
Excess net capital	\$ <u>358,669</u>
AGGREGATE INDEBTEDNESS	
Item included in statement of financial condition-	
Total A.I. Liabilities from Statement of Financial Condition	\$ <u>119,827</u>
Percentage of aggregate indebtedness to net capital	<u>29.82</u> %

RECONCILIATION OF SUPPORTING SCHEDULES WITH MOST RECENT PART II FILING

There are no material differences between the computation of net capital pursuant to Rule 15c3-1 included in Form X-17A-5 Part II as previously filed with the commission and the schedules contained herein.



HACKER, JOHNSON & SMITH PA

Fort Lauderdale Fort Myers Orlando Certified Public Accountants

Report on Internal Control Required by SEC Rule 17a-5(g)(1) for a Broker-Dealer Claiming an Exemption from SEC Rule 15c3-3

February 25, 2013

P.M.K. Securities & Research, Inc. Delray Beach, Florida:

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements and supplemental schedules of P.M.K. Securities & Research, Inc. and Subsidiary (the "Company"), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2012, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, we considered the Company's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the consolidated financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.

Also, as required by rule 17a-5(g)(1) of the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC), we have made a study of the practices and procedures followed by the Company including consideration of control activities for safeguarding securities. This study included tests of such practices and procedures that we considered relevant to the objectives stated in rule 17a-5(g) in making the periodic computations of aggregate indebtedness and net capital under rule 17a-3(a)(11) and for determining compliance with the exemptive provisions of rule 15c3-3. Because the Company does not carry securities accounts for customers or perform custodial functions relating to customer securities, we did not review the practices and procedures followed by the Company in any of the following:

- 1. Making quarterly securities examinations, counts, verifications, and comparisons and recordation of differences required by rule 17a-13
- 2. Complying with the requirements for prompt payment for securities under Section 8 of Federal Reserve Regulation T of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System.

The management of the Company is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal control and the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph. In fulfilling this responsibility, estimates and judgments by management are required to assess the expected benefits and related costs of controls and of the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph and to assess whether those practices and procedures can be expected to achieve the SEC's above-mentioned objectives. Two of the objectives of internal control and the practices and procedures are to provide management with reasonable but not absolute assurance that assets for which the Company has responsibility are safeguarded against loss from unauthorized use or disposition and that transactions are executed in accordance with management's authorization and recorded properly to permit the preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. Rule 17a-5(g) lists additional objectives of the practices and procedures listed in the preceding paragraph.

P.M.K. Securities & Research, Inc. Page Two

Because of inherent limitations in internal control or the practices and procedures referred to above, error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projection of any evaluation of them to future periods is subject to the risk that they may become inadequate because of changes in conditions or that the effectiveness of their design and operation may deteriorate.

A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the Company's financial statements will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first and second paragraphs and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control and control activities for safeguarding securities that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

We understand that practices and procedures that accomplish the objectives referred to in the second paragraph of this report are considered by the SEC to be adequate for its purposes in accordance with the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and related regulations, and that practices and procedures that do not accomplish such objectives in all material respects indicate a material inadequacy for such purposes. Based on this understanding and on our study, we believe that the Company's practices and procedures were adequate at December 31, 2012 to meet the SEC's objectives.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Board of Directors, management, the SEC and other regulatory agencies that rely on rule 17a-5(g) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 in their regulation of registered brokers and dealers, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Very truly yours

Hadn. Johnson Smith PD



Fort Lauderdale Fort Myers Orlando Certified Public Accountants

Independent Accountants' Report on Applying Agreed-Upon Procedures Related to an Entity's SIPC Assessment Reconciliation

P.M.K. Securities & Research, Inc. 105 East Atlantic Avenue, Suite 200 Delray Beach, Florida 33444

In accordance with Rule 17a-5(e)(4) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, we have performed the procedures enumerated below with respect to the accompanying Schedule of Assessment and Payments [General Assessment Reconciliation (Form SIPC-7)] to the Securities Investor Protection Corporation (SIPC) for the Year Ended December 31, 2012, which were agreed to by P.M.K. Securities & Research, Inc. and the Securities and Exchange Commission, Financial Industry Regulatory Authority, Inc., and SIPC, solely to assist you and the other specified parties in evaluating P.M.K. Securities & Research, Inc.'s compliance with the applicable instructions of the General Assessment Reconciliation (Form SIPC-7). P.M.K. Securities & Research, Inc.'s management is responsible for P.M.K. Securities & Research, Inc.'s compliance with those requirements. This agreed-upon procedures engagement was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. The sufficiency of these procedures is solely the responsibility of those parties specified in this report. Consequently, we make no representation regarding the sufficiency of the procedures described below either for the purpose for which this report has been requested or for any other purpose. The procedures we performed and our findings are as follows:

- 1. Compared the listed assessment payments in Form SIPC-7 with respective cash disbursement records entries by agreeing amounts to image of canceled checks noting no difference;
- 2. Compared the amounts reported on the audited Form X-17A-5 for the year ended December 31, 2012, with the amounts reported in Form SIPC-7 for the year ended December 31, 2012, noting no differences;
- 3. Compared any adjustments reported in Form SIPC-7 with supporting schedules and working papers by agreeing amounts to the income statement for the year ended December 31, 2012 and the respective quarterly FOCUS reports noting no differences;

P.M.K. Securities & Research, Inc. Page Two

4. Proved the arithmetical accuracy of the calculations reflected in Form SIPC-7 and in the related schedules and working papers by reviewing the Form SIPC-7 worksheet supporting the adjustments noting no differences.

We were not engaged to, and did not conduct an examination, the objective of which would be the expression of an opinion on compliance. Accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. Had we performed additional procedures, other matters might have come to our attention that would have been reported to you.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the specified parties listed above and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

HACKER, JOHNSON & SMITH PA

Fort Lauderdale, Florida

February 25, 2013

(33-REV 7/10)

Disposition of exceptions:

SECURITIES INVESTOR PROTECTION CORPORATION P.O. Box 92185 Washington, D.C. 20090-2185 202-371-8300

General Assessment Reconciliation

(33-REV 7/10)

For the fiscal year ended 12/31/2012 (Read carefully the instructions in your Working Copy before completing this Form)

TO BE FILED BY ALL SIPC MEMBERS WITH FISCAL YEAR ENDINGS

Name of Member, address, Designated Examining Authority purposes of the audit requirement of SEC Rule 17a-5: ————————————————————————————————		any of the information shown on the
048989 FINRA DEC PMK SECURITIES & RESEARCH INC 15*15 105 E ATLANTIC AVE STE 200 DELRAY BEACH FL 33444-3770	I mailing t any corr	label requires correction, please e-mai ections to form@sipc.org and so on the form filed.
	contact r	nd telephone number of person to respecting this form. Py Warst 561 454 177
	·	/
2. A. General Assessment (item 2e from page 2)		\$ 4,220
B. Less payment made with SIPC-6 filed (exclude interest) 7/20//2		(2,136
Date Paid C. Less prior overpayment applied		(
D. Assessment balance due or (overpayment)		2.084
E. Interest computed on late payment (see instruction E) for	ordays at 20% per annum	,
F. Total assessment balance and interest due (or overpayr	nent carried forward)	\$ 2.084
G. PAID WITH THIS FORM: Check enclosed, payable to SIPC Total (must be same as F above)	s	
H. Overpayment carried forward	\$()
3. Subsidiaries (S) and predecessors (P) included in this form	(give name and 1934 Act registra	ition number):
The SIPC member submitting this form and the person by whom it is executed represent thereby hat all information contained herein is true, correct and complete.	PML Sccusitics 1 (Name of Corporation, P.	RESCARCH , INC.
Dated the 5 day of February, 20 13.	(Authori	ized Signature)
This form and the assessment payment is due 60 days after or a period of not less than 6 years, the latest 2 years in a	the end of the fiscal year. Retain easily accessible place.	(Title) ain the Working Copy of this form
Dates:	od .	
<u> </u>	ntation	Forward Copy
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DETERMINATION OF "SIPC NET OPERATING REVENUES"

AND GENERAL ASSESSMENT

Amounts for the fiscal period beginning 1/1/2012 and ending 12/31/2012

Item No. 2a. Total revenue (FOCUS Line 12/Part IIA Line 9, Code 4030)	\$ 2, 312, 514
'2b. Additions:(1) Total revenues from the securities business of subsidiaries (except foreign subsidiaries) and predecessors not included above.	A Made of the last
(2) Net loss from principal transactions in securities in trading accounts.	
(3) Net loss from principal transactions in commodities in trading accounts.	
(4) Interest and dividend expense deducted in determining item 2a.	
(5) Net loss from management of or participation in the underwriting or distribution of securities.	
(6) Expenses other than advertising, printing, registration fees and legal fees deducted in determining net profit from management of or participation in underwriting or distribution of securities.	
(7) Net loss from securities in investment accounts.	
Total additions	2, 312, 514
2c. Deductions: (1) Revenues from the distribution of shares of a registered open end investment company or unit investment trust, from the sale of variable annuities, from the business of insurance, from investment advisory services rendered to registered investment companies or insurance company separate accounts, and from transactions in security futures products.	461,096
(2) Revenues from commodity transactions.	,
(3) Commissions, floor brokerage and clearance paid to other SIPC members in connection with securities transactions.	145, 116
(4) Reimbursements for postage in connection with proxy solicitation.	
(5) Net gain from securities in investment accounts.	144
(6) 100% of commissions and markups earned from transactions in (i) certificates of deposit and (ii) Treasury bills, bankers acceptances or commercial paper that mature nine months or less from issuance date.	~
(7) Direct expenses of printing advertising and legal fees incurred in connection with other revenue related to the securities business (revenue defined by Section 16(9)(L) of the Act).	_
(8) Other revenue not related either directly or indirectly to the securities business. (See Instruction C):	18, 035
(Deductions in excess of \$100,000 require documentation)	
(9) (i) Total interest and dividend expense (FOCUS Line 22/PART IIA Line 13, Code 4075 plus line 2b(4) above) but not in excess of total interest and dividend income. (ii) 40% of margin interest earned on customers securities accounts (40% of FOCUS line 5, Code 3960).	
Enter the greater of line (i) or (ii)	(7)
Total deductions	624, 381
2d. SIPC Net Operating Revenues	\$
Ze. General Assessment @ .0025	\$ 4,220
•	(to page 1, line 2.A.)